

Nanotechnology Registration Help Page

🗚 Risk Level

Risk Level	Material State	Type of Use	Examples
Category 1 Lower Exposure Potential	Solid: Bound in a substrate or matrix Liquid: Water-based liquid suspension or gels Gas: No potential for release into air (when handling)	No thermal or mechanical stress	Non-destructive handling of solid engineered nanoparticel composites or nanoparticles permanently bonded to a substrate.
Category 2 Moderate Exposure Potential	Solid: Powders or pellets Liquid: Solid-based liquid suspension or gels Gas: Potential for release into air (when handling)	Thermal or mechanical stress induced	 Pouring, heating, or mixing liquid suspensions, or operations with high degree of agitation invovled Weighing or transferring powders or pellets Changing bedding out of laboratory animal cages
Category 3 Higher Exposure Potential	Solid: Powders or pellets with extreme potential for release into air Gas: Suspended in gas	N/A	 Generating or manipulating nanomaterials in gas phase or in aerosol form Furnace operations Cleaning reactors Cleaning filter elements Cleaning dust collection systems used to caputre nanomaterials High speed abrading/ grinding nanocomposite materials



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🔀 Risk Level (continued)

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
Engineering Controls	Fume hood or biosafety cabinet: Perform work with open containers in liquid suspension or gels in a laboratory-type fume hood or biosafety cabinet, as practical.	Fume hood, biosafety cabinet, or enclosed system: Perform work in laboratory-type fume hood or biosafety cabinet (must be ducted in conjunction with volatile compounds), powder handling enclosures, or enclosed system (i.e. glove box)	<i>Enclosed system:</i> Perform work in enclosed system (i.e., glove box, glove bag, or sealed chamber)
Work Practices	Storage: Store in sealed container and secondary containment with other compatible chemicals. Label container with identify of content, including the word "nano" <i>Preparation:</i> Line workstation with absorbent materials <i>Transfer:</i> Transfer between locations in sealed containers with secondary containment <i>Housekeeping:</i> Clean all surfaces potentially contaminated with nanomaterials at the end of each operation with HEPA vacuum or wet methods. DO NOT SWEEP or use compressed air <i>Hygiene:</i> Wash hands frequently	Follow all Category 1 Work practices, including: Access: Restrict access to authorized individuals Signage: Post signs in the workplace Materials: Use anti-static paper and/ or sticky mats when handling powders	Follow all Category 2 Work practices
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Safety glasses with side shields; face shield where splash potential occurs; disposable gloves; laboratory coat; long pants; closed-toe shoes	Chemical splash goggles; two layers of disposable, chemical-resistant gloves; lab coat made of non-woven fabrics with elastic at the wrists (Tyvek); closed-toe shoes with disposable shoe coverings; proper respriatory protection may be necessary	Wear all PPE listed in Category 2, including: disposable Tyvek-type coveralls with head coverage and proper respiratory protection may be necessary. Consult EHS for assistance.



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🔆 Work Practice Controls

 Store in sealed container with secondary containment with other compatible chemicals Label chemical container with the identity of contents and include the term "nano-" as descriptor Transfer in sealed container with secondary containment Prepare workspace by lining with absorbent materials Clean all surfaces potentially contaminated with nanomaterials at the end of each operation using a HEPA vacuum and/or wet methods Wash hands frequently. Upon leaving the work area, remove any PPE worn and wash hands, forearms, face, and neck Notify in advance of animal facility and cage labeling/management requirements if dosing animals with nanomatierals